

Access Node Instantiation and Compliance Guide

This document describes the Access Node integration process, including the steps to follow, the necessary documentation and the verification criteria, as well as clarifying any possible configuration doubts for preparing the environment.

The goal is to provide a clear and concise guide for users participating in this process. To achieve this, the document will be divided into sections or checkpoints. These will detail everything necessary to proceed, including other processes with their respective guides. Failure to meet these checkpoints will prevent us from continuing with the Access Node integration procedure.

Note that for this guide, all the environments mentioned that we will work with will be either a local environment or SBX, but it could be applied to higher environments.

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1. Registration validation: DOME

The first step in the setup process is to confirm that our company is registered in DOME and therefore we have a LEAR Credential Employee with Onboarding permissions available so that we can issue our credentials.

If you are not registered or there is any problem with the credential's permissions, consult this guide: [Onboarding Guide](#)

2. Issuance Validation: LEAR Credential Machine

The **second step** is to validate that we currently have a LEAR Credential Machine at our disposal. To do this, we must confirm that we have access to the [Wallet](#) and see if our credential has been downloaded.

If you do not have access or do not have the required credentials, please review the [credential issuance guide](#).

Once we have our issued credentials, we will need to consult the next 3 points:

- **Private key** > This is the key generated during the LEAR Credential Machine issuance process. It is important to **save it**, as we will need it later.

Image when we issued a new LEAR Credential Machine

LEAR Credential Issuance

Select credential type

Credential Type
LEAR Credential Machine

Private Key ?

Generate Key

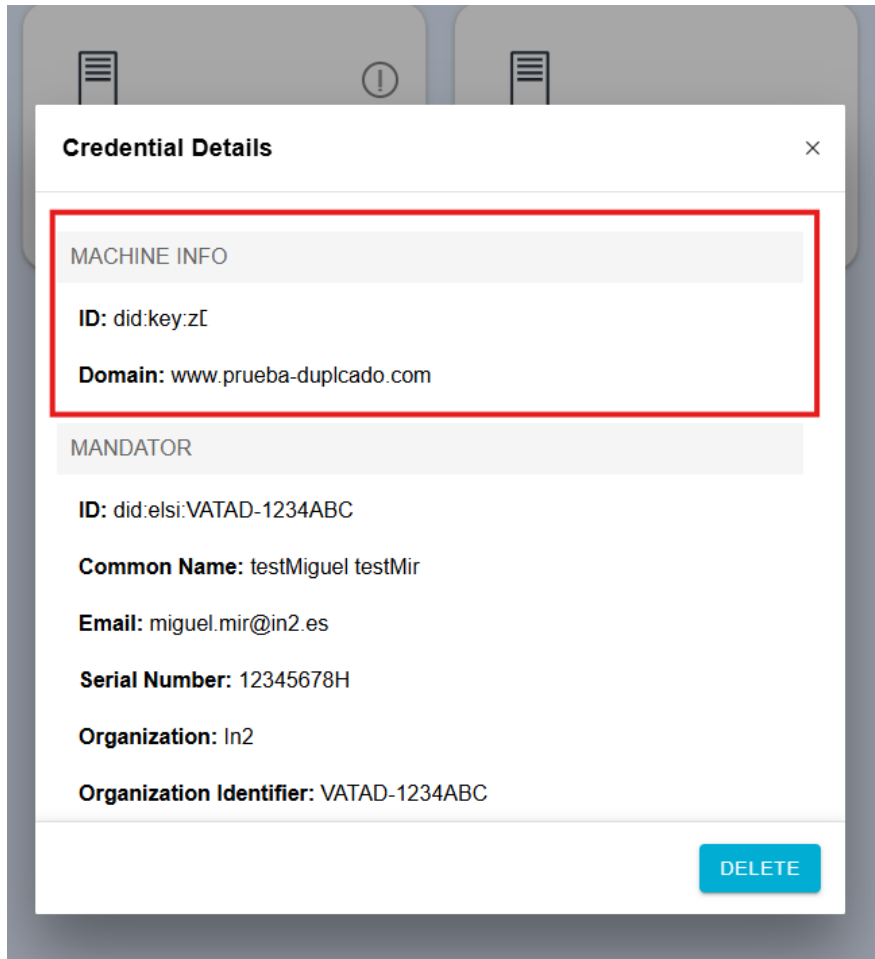
0xd805aa928bfde7f9c1310af90e7d4958ee6c747444438aef0574e9c26e5a4415

Copy

Make sure to copy this key.

- **DID key** > Auto-generated key at the time of creation that identifies the machine.

After downloaded your credential, you can view your info



- **LEAR Credential** > Auto-generated token that identifies your credential. You could find it at the bottom of your machine info.

Credential Details



Email: miguelmir@in2.es

Serial Number: 12345678H

Organization: EHT

Organization Identifier: VATIT-04323210874

Country: IT

POWERS

Onboarding (DOME): Execute

Certification (DOME): Upload

CREDENTIAL

eyJhbGciOi



DELETE



LEARCredentialEmployee
Miguel
Mir
IN2 INGENIERIA DE LA INFOR

3. Data Validation: DLT

Once we have the issued credential, we need to generate our machine's addresses using this tool: [Dome Access Node Keys Generator](#).

The screenshot shows the 'DOME Access Node Key Generator' interface. At the top, there is a text input field labeled 'DID Key' with the placeholder text 'YOUR FULL DIDKEY'. Below this is a prominent blue button labeled 'Generate Keys'. The main content area, enclosed in a red border, is titled 'DLT keys' and contains three sections: 'Private Key' with the value '0x9f0ab45b5e5640c305210993f5375914753d9a9d2073d8a014ee1e87803c9d39' and a 'Copy' button; 'DLT Address' with the value '0x5fa5969b1D4A6ab849c857C443867305720098f7' and a 'Copy' button; and 'ISS' with the value '0x36ca17caf31e23e3e93695c89e5c767477eaad9bc388822e0259000d0a8c8af7' and a 'Copy' button.

DOME Access Node Key Generator

DID Key YOUR FULL DIDKEY

Generate Keys

DLT keys

Private Key

0x9f0ab45b5e5640c305210993f5375914753d9a9d2073d8a014ee1e87803c9d39 Copy

DLT Address

0x5fa5969b1D4A6ab849c857C443867305720098f7 Copy

ISS

0x36ca17caf31e23e3e93695c89e5c767477eaad9bc388822e0259000d0a8c8af7 Copy

4. AN Configuration: Secrets

Check this guide if you will work with secrets: [Github sealed secrets guide](#).

5. AN Configuration: Chart.yaml

This is how your chart.yaml should look. All necessary dependencies are included in the AN configuration.

Check the last version [here](#):

```
apiVersion: v2
name: access-node
description: Chart holder for ArgoCD
type: application
version: 0.7.31
appVersion: 0.1.0
dependencies:
- name: access-node
  condition: access-node.enabled
  repository: https://dome-marketplace.github.io/access-node
  version: <check the last version>
```

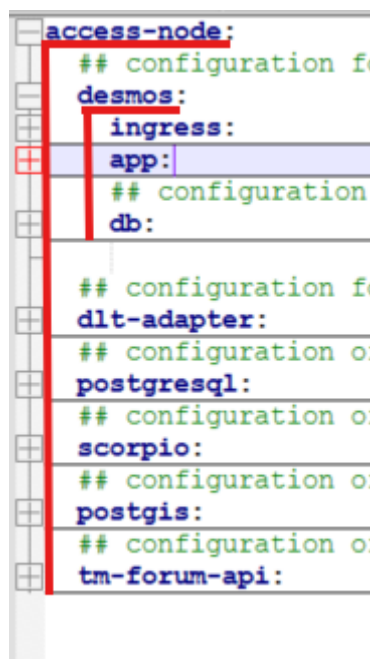
6. AN Configuration: Values.yaml

First, we need to consider whether we've decided to work with secrets (remember rename the file to values.yaml), or not, as the file format may vary slightly.

[Values with secrets.yaml](#)

[Values without secrets.yaml](#)

First of all, we will check that the file header starts as shown in the image:



Now let's configure all the blocks.

- **Ingress**

Modify the ingress hosts:

```
desmos:
  ingress:
    enabled: true
    className: nginx
    annotations:
      cert-manager.io/cluster-issuer: letsencrypt-in2-test-issuer
    tls:
      - hosts:
          - <YOUR DESMOS DOMAIN>
        secretName: desmos-tls-secret
  app:
```

For example this is our domain: ***desmos.dome-marketplace-icl.org***

- App

The next thing to check is that we have specified your DID key in the following field:

```
app:
  ## profile (test == dev)
  profile: dev
  logLevel:
    root: INFO
    app: DEBUG
  # internal server port
  internalServerPort: 8080
  ## information about the access-node operator
  operator:
    # -- did of the organization running the node
    organizationIdentifier: did:key:XXXXX
  ## connection information for the context broker
  broker:
```

Next, we will need to review the configured domains:

```
# -- operator external domain
externalDomain:
  protocol: "<YOUR DESMOS DOMAIN PROTOCOL, https RECOMMENDED>"
  domain: "<YOUR DESMOS DOMAIN>"
# -- configuration to set your private key
```

We will need to configure your protocol (in this case it was http but usually it would be https) and the domain of our machine, the URL with which it will be identified.

The next step is to con

```
# -- configuration to set your private key
privateKey:
  existingSecret:
    # -- should an existing secret be used
    enabled: true
    # -- name of the secret
    name: access-node-secret
    # -- key to retrieve the password from
    key: desmos-private-key
```

look like this:

Or without secrets:

```
# -- configuration to set your private key
privateKey:
  value: <YOUR PRIVATE KEY>
learCredentialMachineInBase64:
  value: <YOUR LEAR CREDENTIAL MACHINE IN BASE64>
```

- DB

The next step will be to configure our databases.

```

## configuration of the database to be used by the
db:
  # -- existing secret to retrieve the db password
  existingSecret:
    # -- should an existing secret be used
    enabled: true
    # -- name of the secret
    name: access-node-secret
    # -- key to retrieve the password from
    key: desmos-db-password

```

Here we need to configure our database host; this example uses an embedded database. We'll also need to specify our database details and whether or not we're using secrets.

```

## configuration of the database to be us
db:
  password: <YOUR DESMOS DB PASSWORD>

```

As you can see, without secrets, we will need to specify our database password and disable secrets.

- **DLT-adapter**

The next block is the DLT block; here we will need to configure the data obtained with the dome key generator:

```

## configuration for the dlt-adapter - see https:///
dlt-adapter:
  existingSecret:
    enabled: true
    name: access-node-secret
    key: dlt-private-key
  env:
    ISS: "<YOUR DLT ADAPTER ISS>"

```

In case of working without secrets:

```

## configuration for the dlt-adapter - s
dlt-adapter:
  env:
    PRIVATE_KEY: <YOUR PRIVATE KEY>
    ISS: "<YOUR DLT ADAPTER ISS>"

```


- **Postgresql**

For the configuration of our Postgres, we must take into account the configuration of the secrets.

```

## configuration of postgres to be used for the blockchain-connector
postgresql:
  auth:
    # -- existing secret
    existingSecret: access-node-secret
    secretKeys:
      adminPasswordKey: desmos-db-password
      userPasswordKey: desmos-db-password

```



And for the case of no secrets:

```

## configuration of postgres to be used for the blockchain-connector
postgresql:
  auth:
    password: <YOUR DESMOS DB PASSWORD>

```

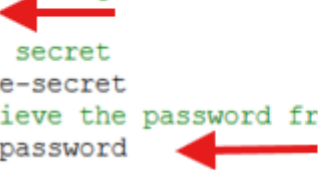
- **Scorpio**

For the Scorpio configuration:

```

## configuration of the context-broker - see https://git
scorpio:
  ## configuration of the database to be used by broker
  db:
    # -- existing secret to retrieve the db password
    existingSecret:
      # -- should an existing secret be used
      enabled: true
      # -- name of the secret
      name: access-node-secret
      # -- key to retrieve the password from
      key: scorpio-db-password

```



And for the configuration without secrets, we would only have to configure the password as shown in the image:

```


## configuration of the context-broker - see https://git
scorpio:
  ## configuration of the database to be used by broker
  db:
    password: <YOUR SCORPIO DB PASSWORD>

```

- **Postgis**


The same procedure applies to secrets;

```
postgis:
  ## auth configuration for the database
  auth:
    # -- existing secret
    existingSecret: access-node-secret
    secretKeys:
      adminPasswordKey: scorpio-db-password
      userPasswordKey: scorpio-db-password
```



And without secrets:

```
## configuration of postgis to be used for sc
postgis:
  ## auth configuration for the database
  auth:
    password: <YOUR SCORPIO DB PASSWORD>
```



This would be all the configuration to take into account to prepare our AN to be able to perform the synchronization tests.

Logically, there are more blocks in the file that we haven't mentioned, but we suggest not editing them without having the necessary knowledge.

7. Registering the node in the Trusted Lists

In order for your AN node to communicate and connect with ours, it must be registered on the following two lists.

Trusted Access node list

[Trusted Access Node list file](#)

The format to follow is as follows:

```
- name: <your company name>  
  dlt_address: <dlt_address generated above>
```

Trusted Services list

[Trusted services list file](#)

The format to follow is as follows:

```
• clientId : <"did:key of your machine">  
  redirectUri : []  
  scopes : []  
  clientAuthenticationMethods: ["client_secret_jwt"]  
  authorizationGrantTypes: ["client_credentials"]  
  postLogoutRedirectUri : []  
  requireAuthorizationConsent: false  
  requireProofKey: false  
  jwkSetUrl: " https://verifier.dome-marketplace-sbx.org/oidc/did/did:key:<did key of our machine>"  
  tokenEndpointAuthenticationSigningAlgorithm: "ES256"
```

8. AN Synchronization Tests

These are the steps that will be taken before the tests:

8.1. Backup before testing

Perform a **dump backup** of the Scorpio data so we can restore it afterwards and **delete the data** of your DB. Remember to put it out of your docker or it **will disappear** if you restart your AN.

8.2. Configuration for testing

Add the **externalAccessNodesUrls** configuration **inside** the **APP block** as shown on the image below, which should be adapted for these tests. (It will be reconfigured later to point to the correct location.)

```
externalAccessNodesUrls:  
  enableCustomUrls: true  
  customUrls: "https://desmos.dome-marketplace-lcl.org"
```

How it should look

```
externalDomain:  
  protocol: "https"  
  domain: "example-external-domain.org"  
externalAccessNodesUrls:  
  enableCustomUrls: true  
  customUrls: "http://desmos.dome-marketplace-lcl.org"  
# -- configuration to set your private key
```

8.3. Review the values configuration and Trusted Lists registry

Verify that you complete all the steps above and your machine is correctly registered in the Trusted lists

[Trusted Lists github](#)

8.4. Install AN

After doing the previous steps, be sure that you installed your AN correctly. I'm leaving these commands here in case they're helpful. Remember that you need to throw these commands inside your values.yaml directory.

```
helm dependency build  
helm install myaccessnode . -f values.yaml
```

8.5. Desmos running without errors

Confirm that your desmos pod is working correctly. You could check it with

```
kubectl logs desmos-648bdbc988-pl2ft -n <your-namespace> -c desmos
```

Tests to Perform

We will perform two tests:

1. Synchronization with the blockchain
2. P2P verification

We will create a temporary entity, one on your node and another on ours, and see if it synchronizes via the blockchain.

We can do it using Postman or using the curl command by postforwarding to Scorpio:

```
kubectl port-forward svc/scorpio 9090:9090 -n marketplace
```

Or if we have access to the bae marketplace, from there; For example, this is our configured site: [Bae marketplace local](#)

```
curl --location 'http://localhost:9090/ngsi-ld/v1/entities/?type=catalog' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "id": "urn:catalog:MyDummyTest",
  "type": "catalog",
  "version": "2.5",
  "lastUpdate": "2024-07-09T12:00:00Z",
  "lifecycleStatus": "Launched"
}'
```

And we will validate that it has been created correctly using curl

```
curl --location 'http://localhost:9090/ngsi-ld/v1/entities/urn:catalog:MyDummyTest'
```